

ABSTRAK

**SEKOLAH TINGGI ILMU KESEHATAN (STIK)
BINA HUSADA PALEMBANG
PROGRAM STUDI KESEHATAN MASYARAKAT
Skripsi, 10 Agustus 2024**

RISGA NIKMAH

Faktor-Faktor Yang Berhubungan Dengan Kunjungan Ibu Balita Ke Posyandu Melati Putih Puskesmas Nibung Kabupaten Musi Rawas Utara Tahun 2024
(xvi + 62 halaman + 2 bagan + 7 tabel + 6 lampiran)

Berdasarkan data Puskesmas ada sebanyak 6 Posyandu yang tidak aktif di wilayah kerja Puskesmas Nibung yaitu Posyandu Melati Putih dengan kunjungan sebanyak (69,6%), Posyandu Delima sebanyak (87,6%), Posyandu Kamboja sebanyak (75,32%), Posyandu Melati sebanyak (74,3%), Posyandu Harapan Bunda sebanyak (75%), Posyandu Bersemi Kembali sebanyak (77,7%). Penelitian ini bertujuan diketahuinya faktor yang berhubungan dengan kunjungan ibu balita ke posyandu Melati putih Puskesmas Nibung Kabupaten Musi Rawas Utara tahun 2024.

Desain penelitian ini menggunakan desain kuantitatif dengan pendekatan *cross sectional*. Sampel penelitian ini adalah ibu yang mempunyai balita 0-59 bulan di Posyandu Melati Putih Puskesmas Nibung berjumlah 85 orang diambil secara *purposive sampling* dengan menggunakan instrumen penelitian berupa kuesioner. Waktu penelitian dilakukan pada bulan juli tahun 2024. Analisis data menggunakan analisis univariat dan bivariat menggunakan uji Chi-Square.

Hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa dari 85 sampel kunjungan posyandu lebih banyak yang tidak aktif 56 (65,9), pendidikan lebih banyak yang rendah 79 (92,9%), pengetahuan lebih banyak yang kurang baik 67 (78,8%), dukungan keluarga lebih banyak yang mendukung 44 (51,8%), jarak posyandu lebih banyak yang dekat 54 (63,5%). Ada hubungan pengetahuan (nilai p 0,003), pendidikan (nilai p 0,001), jarak tempat tinggal (nilai p 0,001) dengan kunjungan posyandu. Tidak ada hubungan dukungan keluarga (nilai p 0,110) dengan kunjungan kunjungan posyandu.

Berdasarkan hasil penelitian maka disarankan pada Puskesmas perlunya peningkatan edukasi pada keluarga yang memiliki balita bahwa pentingnya pengetahuan, pendidikan dan jarak rumah untuk meningkatkan keaktifan kunjungan Posyandu.

Kata Kunci : Pengetahuan, Pendidikan, Dukungan Keluarga, Jarak Tempat Tinggal, Kunjungan Posyandu
Daftar Pustaka : 45 (2015-2023)

ABSTRACT

BINA HUSADA COLLEGE OF HEALTH SCIENCES

PUBLIC HEALTH STUDY PROGRAM

Thesis, 10 August 2024

RISGA NIKMAH

**Factors Associated with the Visit of Mothers of Toddlers to the Melati Putih Posyandu, Nibung Health Center, North Musi Rawas Regency in 2024
(xvi + 62 pages + 2 charts + 7 tables + 6 appendices)**

Based on Puskesmas data, there were 6 Posyandu that weren't active in the Nibung Puskesmas working area, namely Posyandu Melati Putih with visits of (69.6%), Posyandu Delima (87.6%), Posyandu Cambodia (75.32%), Posyandu Melati as much as (74.3%), Posyandu Harapan Bunda as much as (75%), Posyandu Bersemi Again as much as (77.7%). This research aimed to determine the factors associated with visited by mothers of toddlers to the Melati Putih posyandu, Nibung Community Health Center, North Musi Rawas Regency in 2024.

This research design used a quantitative design with a cross sectional approach. The sample for this research was 85 mothers who had toddlers aged 0-59 months at Posyandu Melati Putih Nibung Community Health Center, taken using purposive sampling using a research instrument in the form of a questionnaire. The research was conducted in July 2024. Data analysis used univariate and bivariate analysis using the Chi-Square test.

The results of this study showed that of the 85 samples of posyandu visits, 56 (65.9) were inactive, 79 (92.9%) had more education, 67 (78.8%) had less knowledge, 44 (51.8%) had more family support, and 54 (63.5%) had more close posyandu distance. There was a relationship between knowledge (p value 0.003), education (p value 0.001), distance of residence (p value 0.001) and posyandu visits. There was no relationship between family support (p value 0.110) and posyandu visits.

Based on the research results, it was recommended that the Community Health Center needed to increase education for families with toddlers regarding the importance of knowledge, education and distance from home to increase the activity of Posyandu visits.

Keywords: Knowledge, Education, Family Support, Distance from Residence, Posyandu Visits

Bibliography: 45 (2015-2023)